

CLASS:--12TH, HISTORY, MCQS.

CHAPTER:- 01 , DATE: 05.08.21

1.Scholars have estimated that the total number of wells in Mohenjodaro was about

1. 400
2. 500
3. 600
4. 700

Ans:4. 700

2. was a large rectangular tank in a courtyard surrounded by a corridor on all four sides.

1. Warehouse
2. Pillared Hall
3. The Great Bath
4. Stupa

(3) The Great Bath

3. Exchanges were regulated by a precise system of weights, usually made of a stone called

- (a)Stupa
- (b)Chert
- (c)Knot
- (d)Seal

(b) Chert

4.Which town in Indus Valley Civilisation had no Citadel?

- (a)Mohenjodaro
- (b) Harappa
- (c) Chanhudaro
- (d) Lothal

Answer: (c) Chanhudaro

5. What was the main feature of the Harappa Civilisation?

- (A) Town planning
- (B) Art and architecture
- (C) Administration
- (D) Agriculture

Answer: (a) Town planning

6. Where were large granaries found?

- (A) Lothal and Dholavira
- (B) Kalibangan
- (C) Banawali
- (D) Harappa and Mohenjodaro

Answer: (d) Harappa and Mohenjodaro

Question 17.

Identify the image and write its name.



Answer

Answer: It is a terracotta bull figurine from the Harappan period.

Question 15.

Name any two Harappan settlements which were specialized centers for making shell objects.

Answer

Question 16.

Identify the image and write its name.



Answer

Answer: It is the seated male sculpture or 'Priest-King' from Mohenjodaro.